

(A direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.)

Financial Statements

For the Period Ending June 30, 2024

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands)

	S	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2024			2023
Revenues				
Electric	\$	512,024	\$	439,719
Gas		131,562		137,393
Total Revenues		643,586		577,112
Operating expenses				
Fuel, purchased supply and direct transmission expense (exclusive of depreciation and depletion shown separately below)		181,250		142,333
Operating, administrative and general		149,185		143,757
Property and other taxes		79,881		85,453
Depreciation and depletion		89,130		83,840
Total Operating Expenses		499,446		455,383
Operating income		144,140		121,729
Interest expense, net		(49,022)		(45,635)
Other income, net		11,612		7,901
Income before income taxes		106,730		83,995
Income tax expense		(17,007)		(13,097)
Income from Continuing Operations		89,723		70,898
Discontinued Operations, net of tax		_		10,756
Net Income	\$	89,723	\$	81,654

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2024	2023		
Net Income	\$ 89,723	\$	81,654	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments	226		226	
Postretirement medical liability adjustment			(334)	
Foreign currency translation	 (2)		(3)	
Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	224		(111)	
Comprehensive Income	\$ 89,947	\$	81,543	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands)

	As	As of June 30,		As of December 31,	
		2024		2023	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,326	\$	8,851	
Restricted cash		15,121		14,857	
Accounts receivable, net		124,611		174,504	
Inventories		83,540		82,822	
Regulatory assets		33,185		23,945	
Prepaid expenses and other		14,543		14,487	
Current assets of discontinued operations		<u> </u>		87,274	
Total current assets		276,326		406,740	
Property, plant, and equipment, net		5,123,708		4,972,196	
Goodwill		263,807		263,807	
Regulatory assets		656,465		650,012	
Other noncurrent assets		27,640		26,695	
Noncurrent assets of discontinued operations		_		1,276,873	
Total Assets	\$	6,347,946	\$	7,596,323	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of finance leases	\$	3,462	\$	3,338	
Current portion of long-term debt		160,949		99,950	
Accounts payable		75,574		95,574	
Accrued expenses		215,927		218,217	
Regulatory liabilities		20,305		40,336	
Current liabilities of discontinued operations		<u> </u>		77,482	
Total current liabilities		476,217		534,897	
Long-term finance leases		3,730		5,461	
Long-term debt		2,090,595		2,152,611	
Deferred income taxes		611,011		580,212	
Noncurrent regulatory liabilities		551,204		551,144	
Other noncurrent liabilities		280,824		271,108	
Noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations				715,967	
Total Liabilities		4,013,581		4,811,400	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 4)		1,010,001		1,011,100	
Shareholders' Equity:					
Common stock, par value \$0.01		0		0	
Paid-in capital		2,044,252		1,981,123	
Retained earnings		297,870		811,456	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(7,757)		(7,656)	
Total Shareholders' Equity		2,334,365		2,784,923	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	•		•		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	6,347,946	\$	7,596,323	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2024		2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Income	\$	89,723	\$	81,654
Less:Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		_		(10,756)
Items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation and depletion		89,130		83,840
Amortization of debt issuance costs, discount and deferred hedge gain		1,845		1,748
Stock-based compensation costs		3,130		4,040
Equity portion of allowance for funds used during construction		(8,952)		(7,403)
Gain on disposition of assets		(2)		(20)
Deferred income taxes		15,521		(18,643)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		49,893		78,560
Inventories		(718)		(937)
Other current assets		(56)		3,839
Accounts payable		(9,852)		(46,225)
Accrued expenses		(2,285)		(16,870)
Regulatory assets		(9,240)		69,876
Regulatory liabilities		(20,031)		9,568
Other noncurrent assets and liabilities		(4,571)		(8,743)
Cash provided by continuing operations	-	193,535		223,528
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		_		70,537
Cash Provided by Operating Activities		193,535		294,065
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Property, plant, and equipment additions		(222,096)		(239,959)
Cash used in continuing investing activities		(222,096)		(239,959)
Cash used in discontinued investing activities		<u> </u>		(25,829)
Cash Used in Investing Activities		(222,096)		(265,788)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Distribution of cash to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation		(253)		_
Distribution of cash to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.		(1,166)		_
Equity contribution from NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.		60,000		_
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net		_		10,802
Dividends on common stock		(32,937)		(76,085)
Issuance of long-term debt		175,000		239,000
Repayments on long-term debt		(100,000)		
Line of repayments borrowings, net		(76,000)		(214,970)
Other financing activities, net		(764)		(2,127)
Cash used in continuing financing activities		23,880		(43,380)
Cash used in discontinued financing activities				16,660
Cash Used in Financing Activities		23,880		(26,720)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash		(4,681)		1,557
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, beginning of period (1)		25,128		22,463
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, end of period	\$	20,447	\$	24,020
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:			Ť	
Cash (received) paid during the period for:				
Income taxes		(4,769)		3,204
Interest		47,313		51,047
Significant non-cash transactions:		17,513		51,047
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable		23,066		20,938
Refinancing of Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds		25,000		144,660
remaining of Foliation Collator Revenue Returning Donas				1-77,000

⁽¹⁾ Includes cash of discontinued operations of \$1,419 as of December 31, 2023.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMMON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands)

	Number of	Number of	C	Paid in	Т	Retained	Accumulated Other	Total Shareholders'
	Common Shares	Treasury Shares	Common Stock	Paig in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	Equity Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	63,278	3,534	\$ 633	\$1,999,376	\$ (98,392)	\$ 771,414	\$ (7,848)	\$ 2,665,183
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	81,654	_	62,530
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3)	(2)
Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI to net income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	226	113
Postretirement medical liability adjustment, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(334)	(167)
Stock based compensation	51	_	_	4,672	_	_		3,215
Issuance of shares	189	(7)	2	11,319	90	_	_	169
Dividends on common stock	_	_	_	_	_	(76,085)	_	(38,041)
Balance at June 31, 2023	63,518	3,527	\$ 635	\$2,015,367	\$ (98,302)	\$ 776,983	\$ (7,959)	\$ 2,686,724
Balance at December 31, 2023	0		\$ 0	\$1,981,123	<u>s</u> —	\$ 811,456	\$ (7,656)	\$ 2,784,923
			<u> </u>	\$1,501,11 2		\$ 011,100		<u> </u>
Net income				_		89,723		89,723
Net income Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax			_				(2)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI							(2)	89,723
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI to net income, net of tax							_	89,723 (2) 226
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI							(2)	89,723
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI to net income, net of tax Stock based compensation Contribution from NorthWestern Energy Group,							(2)	89,723 (2) 226 3,129
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax Reclassification of net losses on derivative instruments from OCI to net income, net of tax Stock based compensation Contribution from NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. Distribution to Northwestern						89,723	(2) 226 —	89,723 (2) 226 3,129 60,000

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Nature of Operations and Basis of Consolidation

NorthWestern Corporation (NW Corp), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., doing business as NorthWestern Energy, provides electricity and / or natural gas to approximately 617,600 customers in Montana and Yellowstone National Park. We have generated and distributed electricity and distributed natural gas in Montana since 2002.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Financial Statements) for the periods included herein have been prepared by NW Corp (NorthWestern, we, or us) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, the interim Financial Statements do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the interim reporting guidance under GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Events occurring subsequent to June 30, 2024, have been evaluated as to their potential impact to the Financial Statements through the date of issuance.

Holding Company Reorganization

On October 2, 2023, NW Corp and NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. completed a merger transaction pursuant to which NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. became the holding company parent of NW Corp. In this reorganization, shareholders of NW Corp (the predecessor publicly held parent company) became shareholders of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., maintaining the same number of shares and ownership percentage as held in NW Corp immediately prior to the reorganization. NW Corp became a wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. The transaction was effected pursuant to a merger pursuant to Section 251(g) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, which provides for the formation of a holding company without a vote of the shareholders of the constituent corporation. As a result of the reorganization, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. became the successor issuer to NW Corp pursuant to Rule 12g-3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and as a result, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s common stock was deemed registered under Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Upon the conversion of all issued and outstanding NW Corp common stock into common stock in NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., as described above, the common stock of NW Corp ceased to exist. The accounting for this common stock conversion is treated as a retirement of common stock for NW Corp as the shares cease to exist. As such, the amounts included in Common stock and Treasury stock were cleared into Paid-in capital. Subsequent to the reorganization, NW Corp has 100 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, which are held by NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.

On January 1, 2024, we completed the second and final phase of the holding company reorganization. NW Corp contributed the assets and liabilities of its South Dakota and Nebraska regulated utilities to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation (NWE Public Service), and then distributed its equity interest in NWE Public Service and certain other subsidiaries to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., resulting in NW Corp owning and operating the Montana regulated utility and NWE Public Service owning and operating the Nebraska and South Dakota utilities, each as a direct subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.

(2) Discontinued Operations

On January 1, 2024, we completed the previously announced second and final phase of our holding company reorganization resulting in the distribution of our ownership in NWE Public Service, our former South Dakota electric and natural gas and Nebraska natural gas operating segments, and certain non-regulated subsidiaries, our former other operating segment, to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. As a result of this distribution, the historical assets and liabilities for these operating segments have been classified as assets and liabilities of discontinued operations and the historical results of operations are shown in discontinued operations, net of tax. Our Financial Statements for prior periods reflect this reclassification.

The carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations included in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023, were as follows:

		31, 2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	253
Restricted cash		1,166
Accounts receivable, net		37,547
Inventories		31,717
Regulatory assets		5,681
Prepaid expenses and other		10,910
Total current assets		87,274
Property, plant, and equipment, net		1,067,606
Goodwill		93,779
Regulatory assets		93,933
Other noncurrent assets		21,555
Total Assets	\$	1,364,147
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		28,766
Accrued expenses		27,949
Regulatory liabilities		20,767
Total current liabilities		77,482
Long-term debt		532,148
Deferred income taxes		20,307
Noncurrent regulatory liabilities		106,307
Other noncurrent liabilities	<u>_</u>	57,206
Total Liabilities	\$	793,450

The reconciliation of the major classes of income and expense constituting pretax income from discontinued operations to the after-tax income from discontinued operations on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income were as follows:

	onths Ended June 30,
	2023
Operating revenues	\$ 167,931
Operating expenses	 147,998
Operating Income	19,933
Interest expense, net	(10,784)
Other income, net	 899
Income from discontinued operations before income tax	10,048
Income tax expense	708
Discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 10,756

(3) Regulatory Matters

Montana Rate Review

On July 10, 2024, we filed a Montana electric and natural gas rate review with the Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC). The filing requests a base rate annual revenue increase of \$156.5 million (\$69.4 million net with Property Tax and Power Cost and Credit Adjustment Mechanism (PCCAM) tracker adjustments) for electric and \$28.6 million for natural gas.

Our request is based on a return on equity of 10.80 percent with a capital structure including 46.81 percent equity, and forecasted 2024 electric and natural gas rate base of \$3.45 billion and \$731.9 million, respectively. The electric rate base investment includes the 175-megawatt natural gas-fired Yellowstone County Generating Station ("YCGS"), which is expected to be in service during the third quarter of 2024. We requested interim base rates to be effective October 1, 2024.

(4) Employee Benefit Plans

We sponsor and/or contribute to pension and postretirement health care and life insurance benefit plans for eligible employees. We contributed \$2.6 million to our pension plans during the six months ended June 30, 2024. We expect to contribute \$7.4 million to our pension plans during the remainder of 2024.

(5) Commitments and Contingencies

ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES AND REGULATION

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Rules

On April 25, 2024, the EPA released final rules related to GHG emission standards (GHG Rules) for existing coal-fired facilities and new coal and natural gas-fired facilities as well as final rules strengthening the MATS requirements (MATS Rules). Compliance with the rules will require expensive upgrades at Colstrip Units 3 and 4 with proposed compliance dates that may not be achievable and / or require technology that is unproven, resulting in significant impacts to costs of the facilities. The final MATS and GHG Rules require compliance as early as 2027 and 2032, respectively.

Previous efforts by the EPA were met with extensive litigation, and this time is no different. We, along with many other utilities, electric cooperatives, organizations, and states, have petitioned for judicial review of the GHG and MATS Rules with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. We have further requested the court stay the implementation of the Rules pending review on the merits, but that judicial relief is discretionary. Briefing is underway for the requests to stay the MATS Rules. On July 19, 2024, the D.C. Circuit denied all consolidated motions to stay the GHG Rules, concluding the petitioners had not shown likelihood of success on the merits and irreparable harm from the GHG Rules' imposition. However, the court ordered the litigation parties to submit a proposed briefing schedule to ensure the case is argued and the GHG Rule is reviewed on the merits as soon as possible. If the MATS Rules and GHG Rules are implemented, it would result in additional material compliance costs. We will continue working with federal and state regulatory authorities, other utilities, and stakeholders to seek relief from the MATS or GHG regulations that, in our view, disproportionately impact customers in our region.

These GHG Rules and MATS Rules as well as future additional environmental requirements - federal or state - could cause us to incur material costs of compliance, increase our costs of procuring electricity, decrease transmission revenue and impact cost recovery. Technology to efficiently capture, remove and/or sequester such GHG emissions or hazardous air pollutants may not be available within a timeframe consistent with the implementation of any such requirements.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

State of Montana - Riverbed Rents

On April 1, 2016, the State of Montana (State) filed a complaint on remand (the State's Complaint) with the Montana First Judicial District Court (State District Court), naming us, along with Talen Montana, LLC (Talen) as defendants. The State claimed it owns the riverbeds underlying 10 of our, and formerly Talen's, hydroelectric facilities (dams, along with reservoirs and tailraces) on the Missouri, Madison and Clark Fork Rivers, and seeks rents for Talen's and our use and occupancy of such lands. The facilities at issue include the Hebgen, Madison, Hauser, Holter, Black Eagle, Rainbow, Cochrane, Ryan, and Morony facilities on the Missouri and Madison Rivers and the Thompson Falls facility on the Clark Fork River. We acquired these facilities from Talen in November 2014.

The litigation has a long prior history in state and federal court, including before the United States Supreme Court. On April 20, 2016, we removed the case from State District Court to the United States District Court for the District of Montana (Federal District Court). On August 1, 2018, the Federal District Court granted our and Talen's motions to dismiss the State's Complaint as it pertains to the navigability of the riverbeds associated with four of our hydroelectric facilities near Great Falls. A bench trial before the Federal District Court commenced January 4, 2022, and concluded on January 18, 2022, which

addressed the issue of navigability concerning our other six facilities. On August 25, 2023, the Federal District Court issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order (the "Order"), which found all but one of the segments of the riverbeds in dispute not navigable, and thus not owned by the State of Montana. The one segment found navigable, and thus owned by the State, was the segment on which the Black Eagle development was located. The State filed a motion to pursue an interlocutory appeal of the Order, and on January 2, 2024, the Federal District Court certified the Order for appeal to the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals. Briefing in the appeal is underway. Damages were bifurcated by agreement and will be tried separately for the Black Eagle segment, and any other segments found navigable, should the State prevail on appeal.

We dispute the State's claims and intend to continue to vigorously defend the lawsuit. If the Federal District Court calculates damages as the State District Court did in 2008, we do not anticipate the resulting annual rent for the Black Eagle segment would have a material impact to our financial position or results of operations. We anticipate that any obligation to pay the State rent for use and occupancy of the riverbeds would be recoverable in rates from customers, although there can be no assurances that the MPSC would approve any such recovery.

Colstrip Arbitration

The remaining depreciable life of our investment in Colstrip Unit 4 is through 2042. The six owners of Colstrip Units 3 and 4 currently share the operating costs pursuant to the terms of an Ownership and Operation Agreement (O&O Agreement). However, several of the owners are mandated by Washington and Oregon law to eliminate coal-fired resources in 2025 and 2029, respectively.

As a result of the mandate, the owners have disagreed on various operational funding decisions, including whether closure requires each owner's consent under the O&O Agreement. On March 12, 2021, we initiated an arbitration under the O&O Agreement (the "Arbitration"), to resolve the issues of whether closure requires each owner's consent and to clarify each owner's obligations to continue to fund operations until all joint owners agree on closure. The owners previously agreed to stay the Arbitration in an effort to work out a global resolution to the dispute, but that stay has now expired. The parties were not able to agree to continue the stay, and are presently in the process of retaining an arbitrator and are proceeding with the Arbitration.

Colstrip Coal Dust Litigation

On December 14, 2020, a claim was filed against Talen in the Montana Sixteenth Judicial District Court, Rosebud County, Cause No. CV-20-58. Talen is one of the co-owners of Colstrip Unit 3, and the operator of Units 3 and 4. The plaintiffs allege they have suffered adverse effects from coal dust generated during operations associated with Colstrip. On August 26, 2021, the claim was amended to add in excess of 100 plaintiffs; though the number of plaintiffs has since decreased to 57. It also added NorthWestern, the other owners of Colstrip, and Westmoreland Rosebud Mining LLC, as defendants. Plaintiffs are seeking economic damages, costs and disbursements, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, and an injunction prohibiting defendants from allowing coal dust to blow onto plaintiffs' properties. Since this lawsuit remains in its discovery stages, we are unable to predict outcomes. We continue to evaluate a range of reasonably possible losses.

Yellowstone County Generating Station Air Permit

On October 21, 2021, the Montana Environmental Information Center and the Sierra Club filed a lawsuit in Montana State District Court, against the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) and NorthWestern, alleging that the environmental analysis conducted by MDEQ prior to issuance of the Yellowstone County Generating Station's air quality construction permit was inadequate. On April 4, 2023, the Montana District Court issued an order finding MDEQ's environmental analysis was deficient in not addressing exterior lighting and greenhouse gases and remanded it back to MDEQ to address the deficiencies and vacated the air quality permit pending that remand. As a result of the vacatur of the permit, we paused construction. On June 8, 2023, the Montana District Court granted our motion to stay the order vacating the air quality permit pending the outcome of our appeal to the Montana Supreme Court. Oral argument was held May 15, 2024. We recommenced construction in June 2023 and expect the plant to be in service during the third quarter of 2024. The ultimate resolution of the lawsuit challenging the Yellowstone County Generating Station air quality permit could impact our ability to operate the facility.

During the litigation of the air permit, Montana House Bill 971 was signed into law, preventing the MDEQ from, except under certain exceptions, evaluating greenhouse gas emissions and corresponding impacts to the climate in environmental reviews of large projects such as coal mines and power plants. On August 4, 2023, the Montana First Judicial District Court in Held v. State of Montana, a separate case by Montana youths alleging climate damages, issued its order finding House Bill 971 unconstitutional delaying the issuance of the revised Yellowstone County Generating Station's air permit. The Montana Supreme Court granted NorthWestern permission to participate as amicus in the Held appeal. The Montana Supreme Court heard oral argument on the Held appeal on July 10, 2024.

Other Legal Proceedings

We are also subject to various other legal proceedings, governmental audits and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In our opinion, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these other actions will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.